



IPv6 in the Department of Defense

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- DOD IPv6 Policy
- DOD Timeline
- The DISA Plan
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- To let industry know DOD's commitment to IPv6
- To provide state of DOD's efforts to date





Background

- Military Communications-Electronics Board tasking for IPv6 Transition Strategy (Oct 01)
- DOD IPv6 Policy released, June 9, 2003





DOD's Need for IPv6

• Why is IPv6 needed?

Future combat systems demand:

- Network ubiquity (IP centric)
- Mobility and ad-hoc networking (dynamic addressing)
- Security (embedded IPsec)

IPv4 cannot support future required capabilities

Barriers to IPv6 implementation:

- Sunk costs
- Presumed satisfaction with IPv4
- Misunderstood industry leadership (DOD as fast follower)

DOD success depends on leadership and integration of efforts UNCLASS









DOD IPv6 Policy

- To prepare for eventual IPv6 migration and coexistence
 - Effective Oct 03, all GIG assets acquired, procured and developed shall be IPv6 capable and maintain interoperability with IPv4
 - DOD CIO identify pilots, demonstrations, and test beds
 - GIG transition from FY 05 to FY 07
 - DISA to acquire, manage, allocate, and control necessary IPv6 address space for DOD





DOD IPV6 Policy (Cont)

- To ensure that DOD IPv6 fielding is coordinated and does not introduce interoperability and IA risks
 - Temporary restriction of IPv6 on networks carrying operations traffic
 - DISA will play a strong role in the development of DOD IPv6 Transition Plan
 - DOD CIO and Joint Staff with participation of DOD components and Services will develop a transition plan





Projected DOD Timeline

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
IPv4:			IPv4:							
Mandatory Standard			Mandatory Standard							
E2E Protocol			E2E Protocol			IPv6:				
							Manda	ntory Sta	andard	
IPv6:			IPv6:			E2E Protocol				
Emerging Standard			Mandatory Standard							
E2E Protocol			E2E Protocol							
	IPv4									
						IPv6				
							IP	v6		









JITC's Role

- JITC is the test and evaluation arm of DISA
- JITC's primary mission is to certify systems and / or equipment for joint and combined interoperability
- JITC has the capability to replicate most strategic and tactical joint architectures
 - Department of Defense Interoperability
 Communications Exercise (DICE) provides a venue to access all Services within DOD and Homeland Security





The Approach

- Establish / participate in an IP distributed test network
 - Realistic implementation / architecture
- Make interoperability the guiding principle
 - What will interoperate now and how
- Encourage vendor participation
 - Interoperability with other IPv6 systems
 - Interoperability with IPv4 using standard applications
 - Demonstrate ability to use various transition mechanisms
 - New features of IPv6 beneficial to military applications





The Approach (Cont)

- Assist in the development of test criteria
- Certified products on JITC list of certifications
- Phased implementation process
 - Test and analysis phase
 - Initialization phase
 - Core implementation phase





IPv6 Lab Goal

- To provide PMs and acquisition agents with a resource matrix of equipment and operating systems
 - PMs and acquisition agents purchasing certified systems and equipment will have reasonable assurance of interoperability





Benefits of this Approach

Utilizes vendor expertise

- Knowledge of what will and will not work
- Will aid in the development of future test criteria
- Provides experience for lab asset procurement -- key personnel will get to "kick the tires" of IPv6
- Trains the tester
- Opportunity to demonstrate new functionality afforded by IPv6
 - Flows
 - End-to-end security
 - ??????





Army Activities

- Identified interoperability issues with legacy networks and systems
 - Network address translation (IPv4 / IPv6 gateway)
 - Tunneling
- Leveraging autoconfiguration to reduce net management burden
- Potential enhancements to QoS
- Performance issues with dual-stack networks
- Mobile IPv6 experiments
- JITC DICE03 experiments participation
- Participated in evolution of IPv6 policy
- Identified potential early IPv6-enabled adopter with Warfighter Information Network-Tactical Network Operation Center-Vehicle
- Participation in the DISN IPv6 testbed



Air Force Activities

- Participation in the DISA-led DOD IPv6 transition working group
- Promoting use of IPv6 capability in future Air Force acquisitions
- Participation in the DISN IPv6 testbed network





Air Force Activities (Cont)

- Security analysis conducted by AF Information Warfare Center (AFIWC) in coordination with National Security Agency (NSA)
- AF / XICC hosted inter-Service IPv6 discussions
- Air Force Research Lab (AFRL) participation in the University of Indiana's Abilene IPv6 test network
- Future participation in the University of New Hampshire's MoonV6





Navy-Marine Activities

- SPAWAR San Diego has conducted extensive IPv6 testing over the Defense Research and Engineering Network (DREN) for 3 years
 - Test bed between five sites running IPv6 exclusively, with multiple OSs, FWs, IDSs, DNS, SMTP, FTP
 - Extensive findings / feedback to vendors of missing functionality, incompatibilities, security concerns



Navy-Marine Activities (Cont)

- SPAWAR Charleston has been a principal participant in DISN-LES as part of CINC 21 Advanced Concept Technology Demonstration
 - Running dual-stack environment, have run extensive compatibility testing with multiple technologies and products
 - Sharing test results to provide real-world experience and influence hardware and software development and designs





Navy-Marine Activities (Cont)

• Navy-Marine Corps Intranet (NMCI)

- For present, stable infrastructure essential as NMCI proceeds towards full deployment of 365,000 seats
- NMCI an identified candidate to be poised to implement IPv6 pilot in ~ Jan 2005.
- Participation in the DISN IPv6 testbed network









Exercise Participation

- DICE 03
- MoonV6
- DICE 04





JITC Test Topology for DICE 03 – IP Addressing



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- Participants are encouraged to participate in the IPv6 assessment or demonstration
 - Participation on a non-interference basis with data testing
 - Participants will typically provide the IPv4 elements of the assessment
 - A chance to gain exposure and implementation experience



DICE 04



MoonV6 Participants (6-14 Oct 03)





Road Ahead

- Continue to refine and validate requirements
 - Do not duplicate efforts within DOD
- Continue to work closely with the North American IPv6 Forum
 - Continue participation in the NAv6TF
 - MoonV6 project 6-14 Oct 03
- Continue to conduct IPv6 research, development, test & evaluation during DICE and other joint and combined exercises





Questions?



Backup







Test & Analysis Phase

- Develop master plan
- Develop DOD transition strategy
- Acquire IPv6 address space
- Develop DOD IPv6 addressing plan
- Begin DNS infrastructure modification
- Establish DNS root server
- Develop operational laboratory (DISA)
- Establish DOD IPv6 test bed
- Perform DOD software modification analysis
- Perform DOD requirements analysis
- Perform IA assessments
- Initiate DOD cost assessment
- Develop DOD IPv6 initiation policy







Initialization Phase

- Complete DNS infrastructure mod
- Extend IPv6 test bed
- Complete DOD cost assessment
- Develop information resources
- Begin edge migration to dual stack
- Translate and / or tunnel IPv6 through core networks
- Initiate IA functionality
- Begin application conversions to dual stack
- Begin core migration to dual stack (OSD option)
- Initiate IPv6 network management capability
- Initiate dual stack and IPv6 customer support
- Develop DOD IPv6 core implementation policy







Core Implementation Phase

- Migrate core to dual stack
- Continue edge migration



- Introduce IPv6 native in the edge
- Introduce IPv6 native applications
- Finalize IA functionality
- Introduce advanced IPv6 functionality
- Finalize IPv6 network management capability
- Provide full support for dual stack and IPv6
- Develop DOD IPv6 co-existence policy





Co-Existence Phase

- Finalize core dual stack
- Finalize edge dual stack and IPv6 native
- Implement advanced IPv6 functionality
- Complete dual stack application conversions
- Begin IPv6 native application development
- Develop DOD IPv6 native policy
- Develop DOD legacy IPv4 policy

Core

DNS

IPv6 Native Phase

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- Finalize native IPv6 applications
- Finalize native IPv6 network devices
- Ensure complete IPv6 functionality
- Migrate edge network and device to native IPv6
- Migrate core networks to native IPv6
- De-integrate IPv4 (if necessary)
- Translate or tunnel IPv4 edge devices/networks
 through core

Core

DNS